# King scallop, Pecten maximus

# **ADVICE**

Landings of king scallops should be reduced in line with the survey index plus commercial declines in Landings per Unit Effort (LPUE) since 2014. It is advised that landings in 2024 should be no more than 379 tonnes.

# FISHERY AND STOCK TRENDS

In 2022, 393 tonnes of scallops were landed by dredge by UK registered vessels from the ICES rectangles 37E3, 37E4, 38E4, 39E3 and 39E4 (excluding the Clyde fishery). This is a reduction in landings from a peak in 2014 (Fig 1). The LPUE series is derived from reported landings data. The LPUE trend has decreased from a peak in 2014, with a slight increase in commercial LPUE in 2022 compared with 2021 (Fig 1).

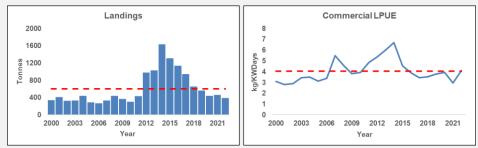
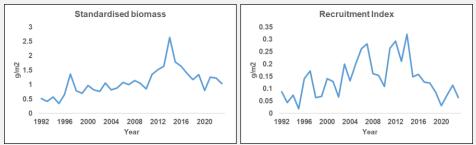


Fig 1. King scallops in ICES rectangles 37E3, 37E4, 38E4, 39E3 and 39E4 (excluding Clyde fishery). Landings and LPUE. Red dashed line indicates time series average.

# **Stock Survey**

A survey has examined trends in scallop stocks within NI waters from 1992. The survey Index (standardized biomass caught during the survey) has decreased in recent years from a peak in 2014 (Fig 2). The recruitment index (standardized catch of scallops below 106mm) has also decreased over this period. In 2023 there was a small decrease estimated in the standardised biomass recruitment index from 2022 survey data.



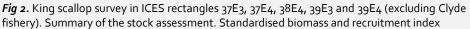


Table 1. Scallops in ICES rectangles 37E3, 37E4, 38E4, 39E3 and 39E4. State of the stock relative to qualitative fishing pressure and survey index.

Fishing Pressure				Survey Index				
2020	2021	2022	Decreasing;	2020	2021	2022	2023	Decreasing;
>	1		Below average	-				Below average

# **ADVICE BASIS**

The Northern Ireland annual scallop survey is used to indicate stock trends. The advice is based on the ratio of the mean of the last two index values (Index A)

and the mean of the three preceding values (Index B), multiplied by the recent average landings (3 years).

The precautionary buffer was considered and applied as there is an overall decreasing trend in LPUE.

#### Table 2 King scallops in ICES rectangles 37E3, 37E4, 38E4, 39E3 and 39E4. Basis for advice. \*

Index A (2022 - 2023)	1.13
Index B (2019–2021)	1.13
Index ratio (A/B)	1.00
Recent landings for 2019 – 2022**	475.0 t
Precautionary Reduction	Applied 0.8
Landings advice***	379 t
% Advice change ^	-20 %

\* The figures in the table are rounded. Calculations were done with unrounded inputs and computed values may not match exactly when calculated using the rounded figures in the table. \*\* 2020 landings excluded due to Covid-19 impacts on landings

\*\*\* [Mean recent landings (2019 – 2022)] × [Index Ratio] × [Precautionary buffer].

^Advice change is based on the current advised landings compared to mean recent landings.

# **REFERENCE POINTS**

The stock status relative to candidate reference points is unknown.

#### **QUALITY OF THE ASSESSMENT**

Survey data is only available for 39E3 and 39E4 from 2011 onwards when the survey was extended to cover ICES area VIa (historically the survey concentrated on the Irish Sea only).

Commercial landings and effort information are derived from reported landings data from all UK vessels. These data are reliant on accurate selfreporting from commercial fishers. Methods for automated data collection would provide more detail on effort trends, including the duration over which pots are deployed.

The landings and effort in 2020 may have been impacted by Covid-19 due to market factors and public restrictions to limit Covid-19 spread.

#### **ISSUES RELEVANT FOR THE FISHERY**

EU Minimum Landing Size of 110mm.

Commercial landings and effort information are derived from reported landings data from all UK vessels. Irish vessels may also fish in the indicated ICES rectangles, but this information is not recorded in this assessment.

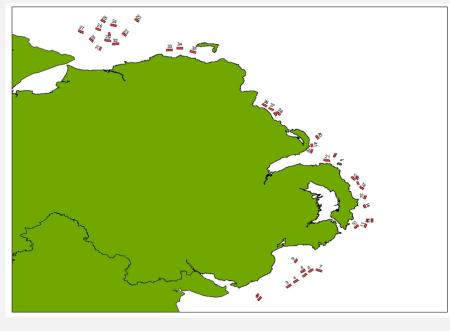


Fig 3. Location of tows carried out during the 2023 scallop survey.

# SUMMARY OF THE ASSESSMENT

Clyde fishery). Assessment summary.

Year	Landings	Effort	Survey	
	Tonnes	kwDays	standardised catch	
2000	340.07	108238.76	1.022	
2001	413.33	152708.47	0.844	
2002	325.31	118123.80	0.782	
2003	332.84	109645.10	1.056	
2004	441.44	140868.00	0.814	
2005	293.23	93492.30	0.878	
2006	267.63	81503.38	1.078	
2007	332.01	60768.74	1.002	
2008	440.05	93123.09	1.141	
2009	371.05	93517.88	1.041	
2010	302.04	73395.50	0.850	
2011	430.90	86627.31	1.360*	
2012	979.00	183777.39	1.565	
2013	1028.87	166088.40	1.640	
2014	1633.60	261199.08	2.640	
2015	1310.27	290699.52	1.793	
2016	1138.25	281619.84	1.641	
2017	942.81	263764.06	1.388	
2018	658.20	180969.11	1.179	
2019	565.47	149221.82	1.343	
2020	442.05	109516.15	0.797	
2021	466.30	161059.95	1.264	
2022	393.34	94293.12	1.226	
2023	-	-	1.036	
dicates the firs	t year the surv	ey was extende	ed to cover ICES area VIa	

Table 3 King scallop in ICES rectangles 37E3, 37E4, 38E4, 39E3 and 39E4 (excluding