





Optimization of beef production in Poland, according to the strategy "from fork to farm"

Improving beef quality in Poland

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- 1. Fast changes in Polish beef industry
- 2. Marketing strategies:
 - Customer oriented
 - Consumer oriented
- 3. Eating Quality grading tools
- 4. Conclusions









Privatisation

- By 1989, meat production in Poland was reserved for state-owned companies.
- From 1989 to 2004 Polish meat plants were privatized.
- In October 2003 the ownership structure in the meat sector was almost 100% private.
- Private ownership immediately changed Polish meat sector into more efficient and dynamic.

Restructuring slaughterhouses

- In 1989 slaughter of beef and pork in slaughterhouses was combined with production of sausages.
- In the pre-accession period and after accession, a process of specialization has started. We could observe gradually increasing number of specialized slaughterhouses in slaughtering beef cattle.
- In 2015 in the Polish market dominate slaughterhouses specialized exclusively in the slaughter of cattle.
- Only 15 slaughterhouses slaughter 55% of cattle

Standardization of carcasses and cuts

- By the end of 2002 there was an obligation to apply the *PN-A-82001:1991/Az2:1996 norm Polish version —* Meat in carcasses, half-carcasses and quarter-carcasses. Warsaw: Polish Committee for Standardization.
- From 1 January 2003 the use of Polish standards is voluntary.
- Since EU accession it is required to apply the EUROP classification if the slaughterhouse slaughter more than 75 head of cattle.

Standardization of cuts

- Poland exports more than 85% of produced beef
- Polish cutting plants are working on the specifications of their customers.
- Polish cutting plants adapted specifications of beef cuts from the Netherlands, Germany, Italy, Spain, France etc.

Standardization of cuts

- There is still lack of sufficient standardization of beef cuts, it is a lack of common language in the international trade.
- The project ProOptiBeef initiated development of the UNECE Standard Polish language version.



United Nations Economic Commission for Europe (UNECE)

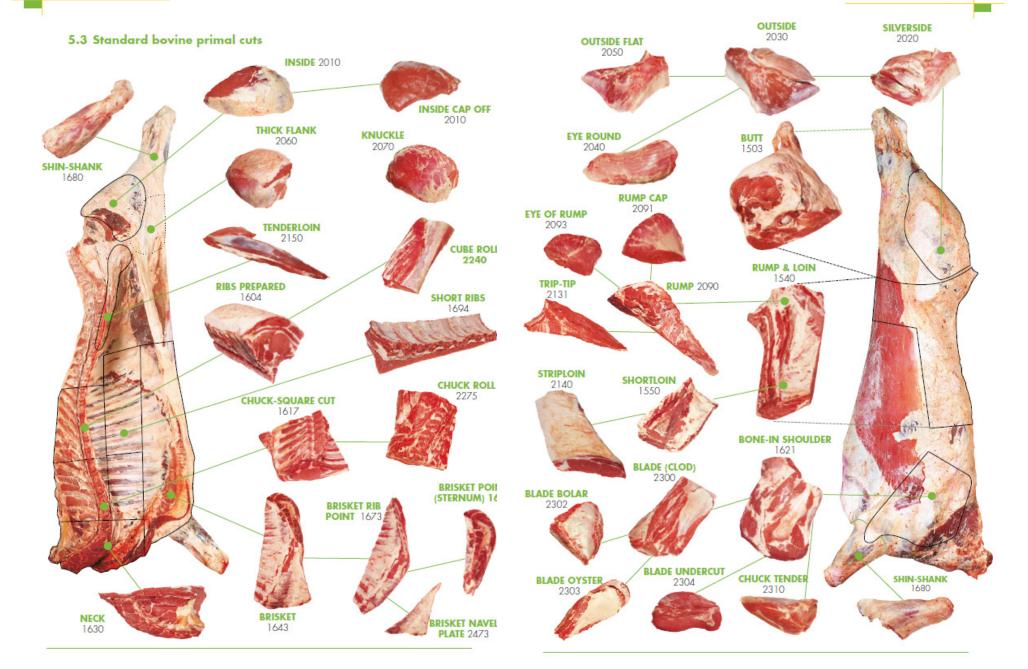
UNECE STANDARD BEEF MEAT

Carcasses and Cuts



United Nations New York and Geneva, 2013





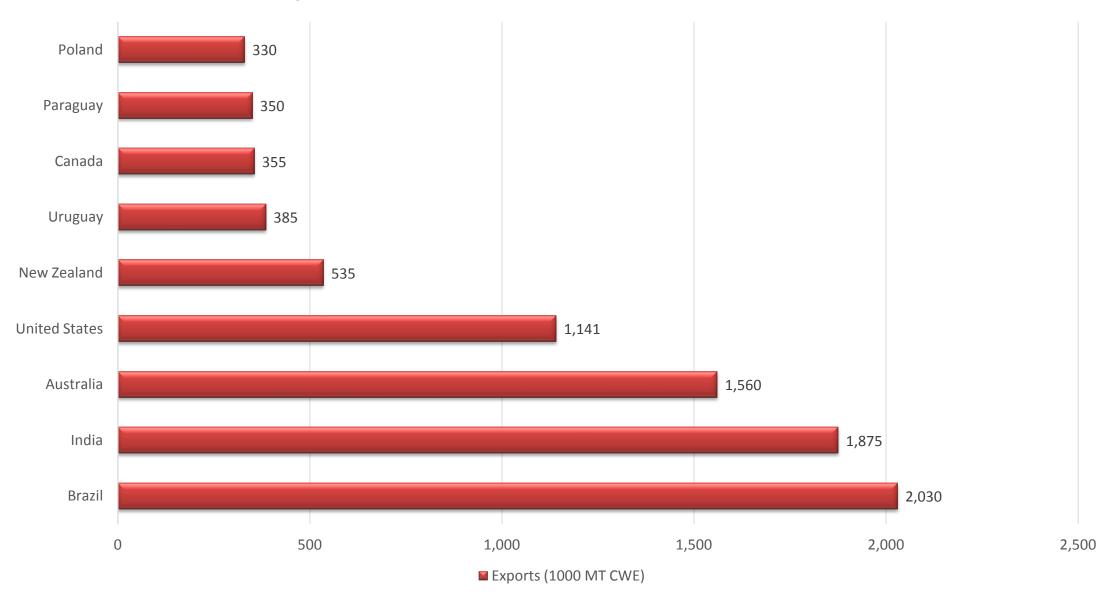
Quick adaptation to the new requirements

- Before EU accession Polish beef was produced for a fast sale (2-3 days after slaughter) – no aging.
- After accession EU customers required beef for ageing with a pH below 5.8.
- Polish slaughterhouses adapted to the new requirements in a few weeks.

New market requirements

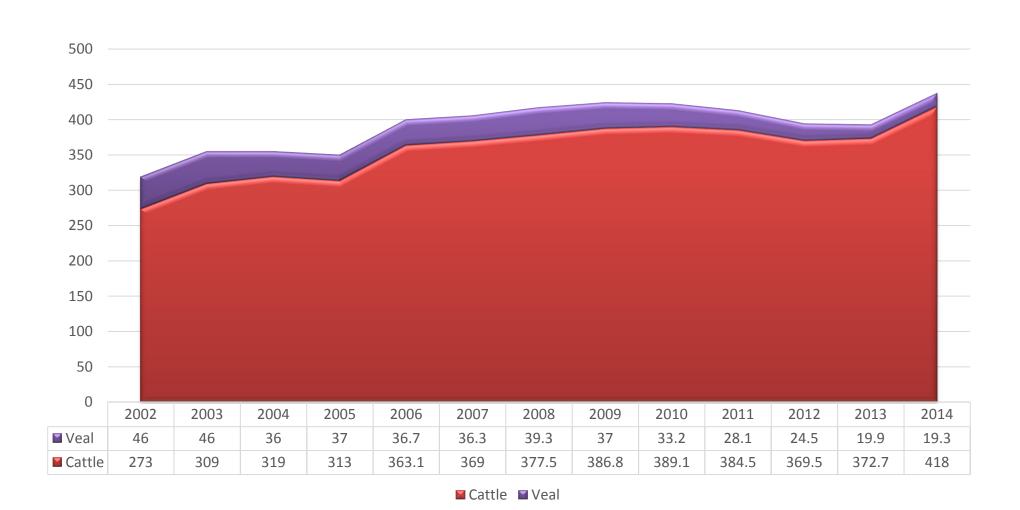
- We observe increasing demand for aged beef from restaurants but also from market chains.
- Restaurants increase demand for well marbled beef in particular to restaurants which dry age beef by themselves.
- Buyers from different EU countries also increase demand for well marbled beef.
- Producers start to search for tools to assess marbling.

Exports (1000 MT CWE) 2014

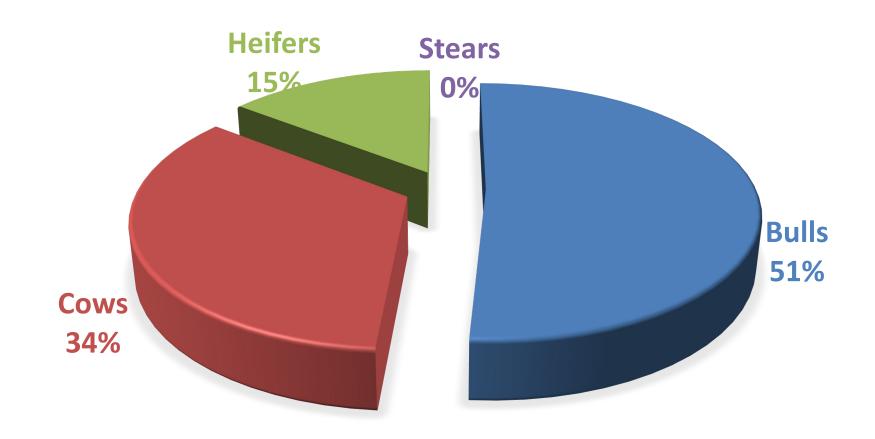


Own study based on data from indexmundi.com and Central Statistical Office

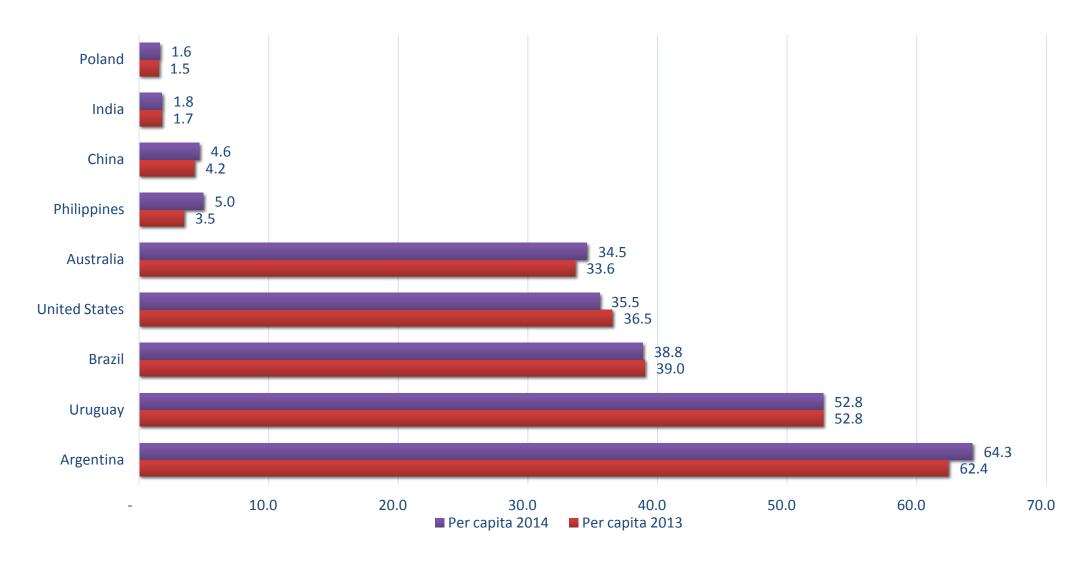
Beef and Veal Production



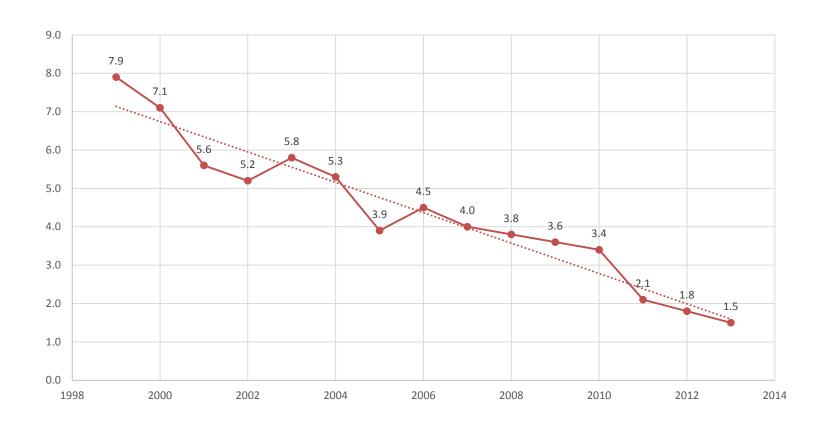
Production systems – bulls, no stears



Beef consumption in selected countries



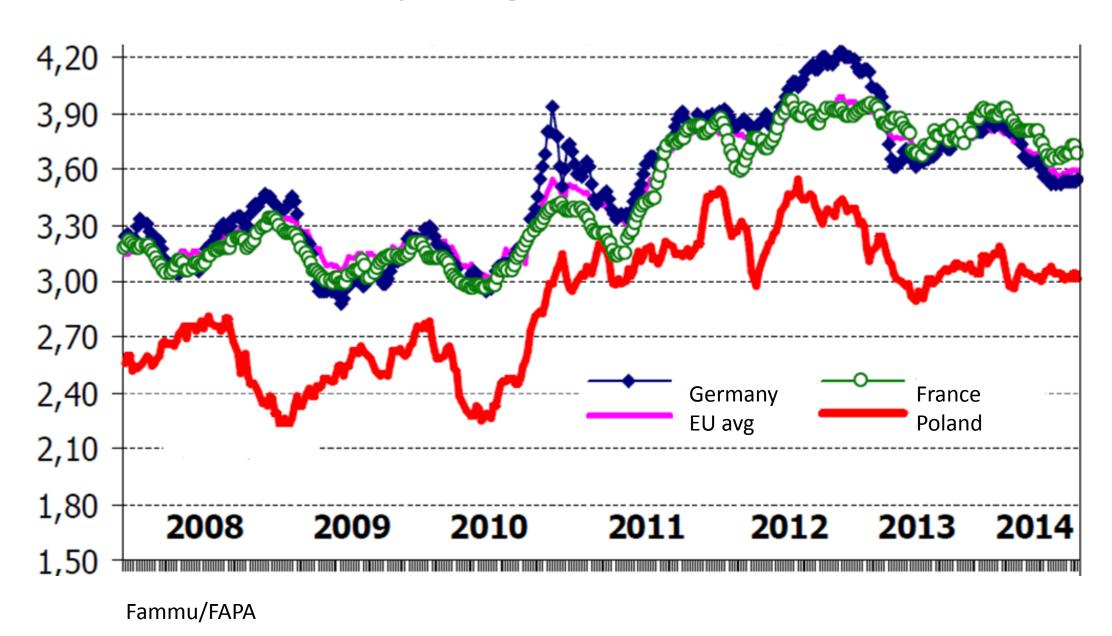
Beef consumption in Poland 1998-2014



Own study based on data from the Central Statistical Office



Prices for young bulls carcasses (R3)







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Quality

- Why we have cheaper beef than average in Europe?
- Do we have problem with image or product quality?
- How can we check that?
- How can we measure quality?



What is "quality"?

Quality is the degree to which a set of inherent characteristics meet the requirements

ISO 9000:2001



Quality

Who determines the quality requirements?

Answer: customer

Do beef **consumers** also have requirements?



Marketing strategies in beef industry

Customer oriented strategy

Beef is a commodity

Consumer oriented strategy

Beef is a product



Beef as a commodity or product?

Customer oriented strategy is a dominant strategy in polish beef sector but...

Quality Asured Scheme – Quality Meat Programme is developed





Quality trademarks in the Polish market

Trademarks:

- Beef Quality Standards (BQS) OSI Foodworks
- "Uczta Qulinarna" Sokolow SA (Danish Crown Group)
- Wołowina z Pniew ABP Poland
- Beef Master ZM Biernacki

Beef as a commodity or product?

- Commercial quality = compliance with the specification
- Do commercial specifications in Europe define the required eating quality of beef?
- Are there countries where required eating quality is defined and measured?



Beef as a product

Eating quality grading systems:

USDA Grade



- Meat Standard Australia







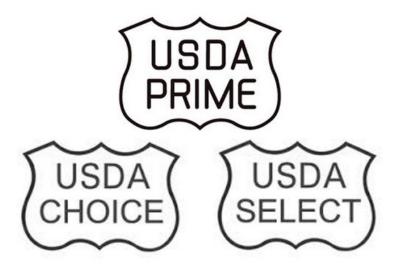
Wholesomeness

U.S.
INSPECTED
AND PASSED BY
DEPARTMENT OF
A GRICULTURE
EST. 38





Eating quality





USDA Grade



- Prime, Choice, Select
- Standard, Commercial, Utility, Cutter and Canner



USDA Grade and trade brands



Certified Angus Beef®



Open Prairie Natural Angus®



Tender Promise®



USDA Grade and trade brands





USDA Grade weakness

- Rewards only well marbled meat from young animals.
- Lean meat is low rated although it can be highly appreciated by the consumer especially from continental breeds.
- All cuts grade comes from striploin marbling evaluation and assessment of the degree of spinal column ossification.

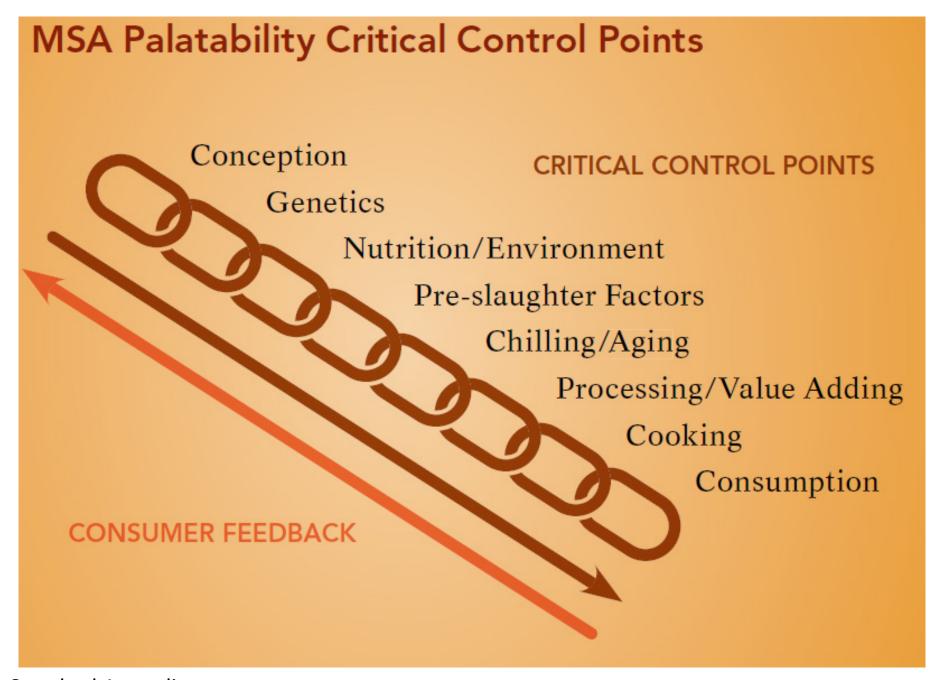


Meat Standard Australia

Meat Standard Australia system (MSA) is based on Palatability Assured Critical Control Points (PACCP) concept.

Palatability = tastiness





Hazard Analysis and Critical Control Points

HACCP	PACCP
Ensuring food safety	Ensuring palatability
From farm to plate From paddock to plate From farm to fork	From fork to farm (feedback from the consumer)



Product standardisation

Commercial standards / commercial quality

- Sensory quality:
- a) attractive appearance (incentive for a consumer to buy)
- b) eating quality, satisfaction with food palatability (incentive for a consumer to buy again)







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Eating Quality grading tools

- How to measure eating quality of cuts when the carcass is still hanging on the hook?
- In USDA Grade system marbling and ossification of carcass is measured by qualified grader.



Eating Quality grading tools

- In Meat Standard Australia system grader measures marbling and ossification but also such features as type of animal or pH and enters data to computer data base.
- Quality level for each cut and treatment determines a model (computer software) and classifies carcases to particular deboning group.



Eating Quality grading tools

- We have assessed that the MSA (Australian system) is more attractive for Polish beef sector than the USDA Grade system (US system) and has more potential to be developed.
- In 2009 we decided that we should endeavor to build a Polish model analogous to MSA.



- Since July 2010, Rod Polkinghorne and cooperating with him mathematical modeling specialists are with us in the ProOptiBeef Project.
- Under his supervision we had conducted tests according to the MSA methodology (years 2010-2015).



- In this area we also collaborated with researchers from France and Northern Ireland.
- We tested meat prepared in different cooking methods—grill, roasting, stewing.
- We have gathered the results of 54 600 samples.



Consumers	GRILL	ROASTING	STEWING	SUM
Polish	5 220	660	600	6 480
French	600			600
All				
consumers	5 820	660	600	7 080



As a result of the project we received prototype of Polish model for prediction of eating quality of beef which can be implemented in slaughterhouses.



Czas dojrzewania

J		
140		
650		
8		
21		

Płeć

Weik

Skostnienie

Marmurk owatość

Okrywa tł. Na Rostbefie

Czas dojrzewania

5	uojize	wania		Grill	Pieczen	Duszenie
		TDRØ62	Polędwica	75	78	
		CUB081	Antrykot	79	80	
	35	CUB045	Antrykot	75	76	
		STA045	Rostbef	70	69	62
		STP045	Rostbef	67	68	62
		0YS036	Podgrzebieniowy	66	64	65
		BLD096	Łopatka bez kości	53	56	56
		CTRØ85	Mięsień nadgrzebieniowy			
		RMP131	Krzyżowa ze skrzydłem	67	69	
		RMP231	Krzyżowa ze skrzydłem	71	72	
		RMP005	Zrazowa dolna	65	67	
		RMPØ87	Krzyżowa ze skrzydłem	54	56	
		KNU066	Skrzydło	63	59	60
		KNU099	Skrzydło	57	58	56
		OUT005	Zrazowa dolna	54	52	52
		EYE075	Ligawa	53	54	
		T0P001	Zrazowa górna	60	54	
		T0P033	Zrazowa górna			68
		T0P073	Zrazowa górna	54	52	51
		СНК074	Rozbratel	61		68
		СНК078	Rozbratel	60	57	64
		BRI056	Mostek i szponder			

KRAJ

Metoda obrobki

Grill Pieczen Duszenie

BYDLO	KONSUMENT		
	(Care		



FRA



IRE IT

FRA

NI POL

POL

ROM SP

DANE Z OCENY

Rasa

System żywienia

Masa tuszy

Podwieszanie

pHu

Kolor Mięsa

420

TX

5,5

Eurobeef

Starting our study according to the MSA methodology has resulted in an invitation to the international network, which was formed at the European level by institutions such as the INRA, France, Teagasc, Ireland, AFBINI Northern Ireland, CERP Italy, EBLEX England, UECBV Belgium, ASSOPROVAC Spain.







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- Polish beef sector can implement pro-consumer policies more efficiently.
- The basis of a good marketing strategy must be the quality grading system equipped with the right tools.
- ProOptiBeef result is a prototype tool to predict beef eating quality (model similar to MSA).













The implementation of consumer oriented marketing strategies is a chance for smart growth of Polish beef sector.













Thank you for your attention!

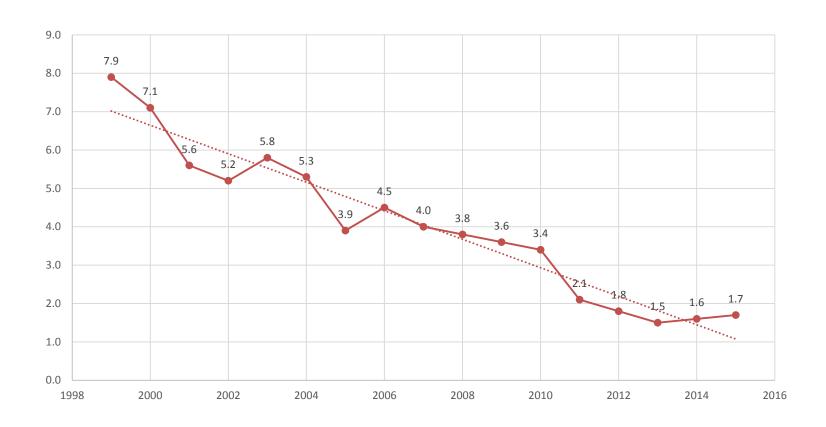








Post scriptum - beef consumption in Poland 1998-2015* is growing now



Own study based on data from the Central Statistical Office



^{*) 2015} is estimated by **Institute of Agricultural and Food Economics**National Research Institute