

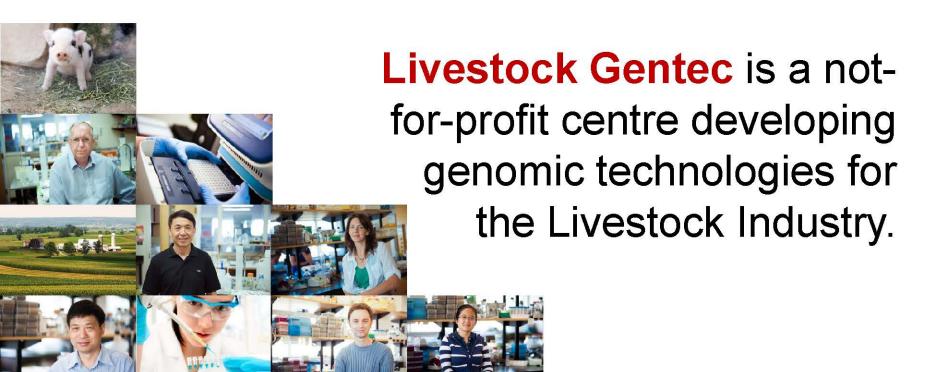


Genetics and Feeding Systems to Improve Competitiveness

John Basarab and Graham
Plastow

AFBI Beef Conference November 13 2014

Who Are We?





Genetics and Feeding Strategies

- Measuring feed efficiency
- Predicting feed efficiency through genomics
- Feeding vs Grazing
- The rumen microbiome
- Feed additives
- Feed efficiency and GHGs



Science

Today is the Age of Genome Sequence

Livestock Decoded



Other Genome Projects: cont'd



The Bovine Genome

- Completed: 2009

– Cost: \$50 million

- Time: 4 years



NGS – The Past





















NGS – The <u>Present (2013/14)</u>



Genome Canada funding provided Next Generation Sequencing for 300 bulls as part of the 1000 bull project.









NGS – The Future



The cost of NGS is steadily declining. What will it cost in the future and what opportunities will this provide?







Sample & Data Collection

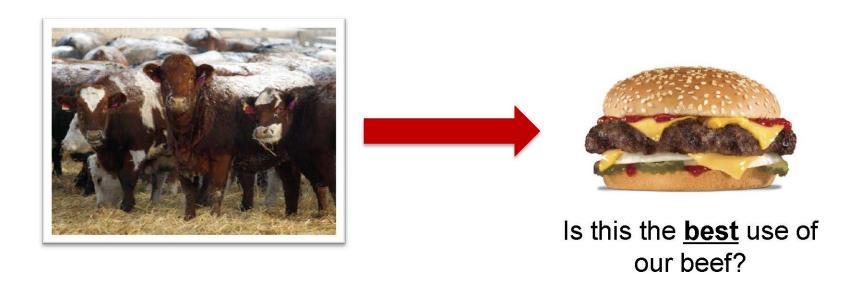


Drives:

- Traceability
- Calibration
 Validation
 Demonstration
- R&D



Marker Assisted Management





12 Disruptive Technologies









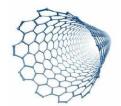














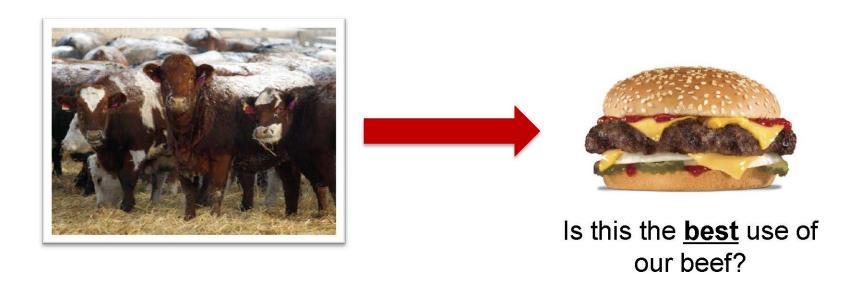


McKinsey&Company

- 1. Mobile Internet
- 2. Automation of Knowledge Work
- 3. Internet of Things
- Cloud Technology
- 5. Advanced Robotics
- 6. Autonomous Vehicles
- 7. Next Generation Genomics
- 8. Energy Storage
- 9. 3D Printing
- 10. Advanced Materials
- 11. Advanced Oil and Gas Exploration
- 12. Renewable Energy



Marker Assisted Management





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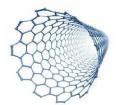
















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Next Generation Genomics



- Next generation genomics will impact nearly every major industry
 - Especially <u>agriculture</u>
- Cost to complete Human Genome Project
 - \$2.7 billion and 13 years
- Cost to sequence genome in next
 10 years
 - \$100 in 1 hour





Making beef cows more efficient





J.A. Basarab, P.Ag., Ph.D.

Alberta Agriculture and Rural Development

Lacombe Research Centre, Alberta, Canada

& Livestock Gentec













Agriculture and Agri-Food Canada

Agriculture et Agroalimentaire Canada

Feed Efficiency-Why?

- Increasing global population (FAO)
 - 8 billion by 2030; 9 billion by 2050
 - Global demand for meat is expected to increase by 55%
 (3 billion people trying to move into the middle class in emerging economies will increase demand for meat)
- Safe, affordable, nutritious and environmentally sustainable beef products
- 5% improvement means \$100 M annually at a 30% adoption rate

% Change in greenhouse gas emissions and global warning potential achieved through genetic improvement (1988-2007)

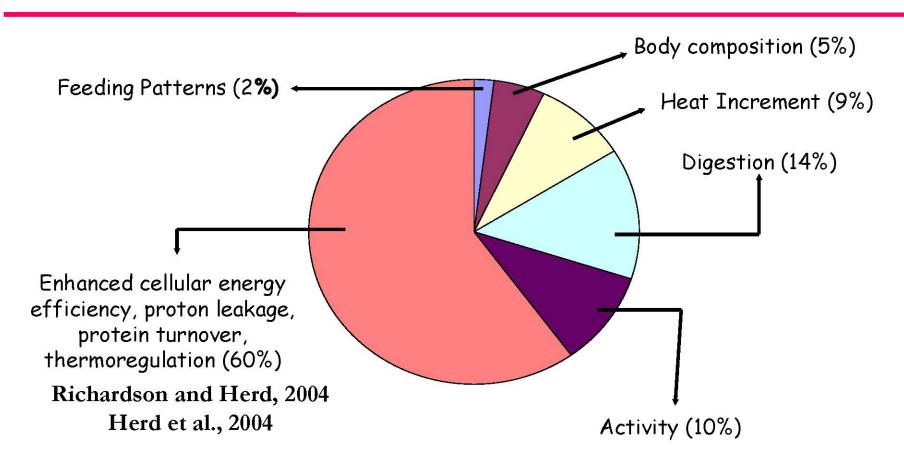
Species	CH ₄	NH ₃	N ₂ O	GWP ₁₀₀
Chickens – layers	-30	-36	-29	-25
Chickens – broilers	-20	10	-23	-23
Pigs	-17	-18	-14	-15
Cattle – dairy	-25	-17	-30	-16
Cattle – beef	0	0	0	0
Sheep	-1	0	0	-1
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	100			

CARBON FOOTPRINT (CO₂e/kg product); Pork 2.8-4.5 kg; Chicken 1.9-2.9; Dairy1.3 kg; Beef 18-36 kg

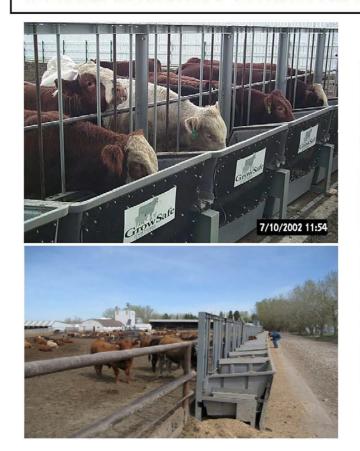
Sources: Project for DEFRA by Genesis Faraday Partnership and Cranfield University (AC0204) from Hume et al. (2011), J. Ag. Sci., doi:10.1017/S0021859610001188.

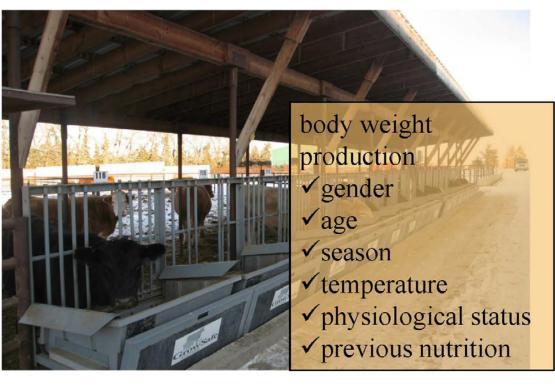
Slide courtesy of Chris Warkup Biosciences KTN

Biological Mechanisms Contributing to Variation in RFI



Measurable: Individual Animal Feed Intake Facilities





Global GrowSafe capacity: ~68,000 animals; facilities in Canada (8%), US (76%), UK, Brazil, Aus (16%); Sunstrum 2012.

Ranking of sires based on their EBV for RFI



99 lbs feed/feeder x 10,000 market ready feeders = 495 Tons of Barley Saved!!!!!

Slide source, J.A. Basarab and G. Plastow, 2013; grain picture source http://www.newagco.com/images/crop-protection-barley-pile.jpg



Optimists vs. Pessimists



Which one are you?

